



ESCUELA TECNICA DE ELECTRICIDAD, INC.

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DRUG AND ALCOHOL ABUSE PREVENTION PROGRAM REVIEW

Escuela Técnica de Electricidad (ETE) required to communicate and ensure the receipt of the following information to all students, administrative staff, and faculty annually. Please take the time to review this important information.

Legal Base

A. Law Number 143: Sales of Alcoholic Beverages

It is prohibited to sell alcoholic beverages to minors under 18 years. This law was approved on July 1, 1969.

B. Law Number 141: Vehicles and Traffic of Puerto Rico

Section 5 – 801: It will be illegal for anyone under the influence of intoxicating beverages to drive or operate any motor vehicle.

Section 5 – 802: The maximum blood alcohol concentration established for a person to be intoxicated is .08 percent or more.

C. Law Number 4: Puerto Rico Controlled Substances Act

Chapter 4 – Article 401: Prohibited Acts and Penalties

D. Regulation 9038: Medical Cannabis in Puerto Rico of July 2, 2018

Prevention Program

In order to keep students and employees informed about the risks associated with the use and abuse of illicit drugs and alcohol, prevention talks are offered annually, and informational material is published on bulletin boards.

Standards of Conduct

In compliance with federal and state laws, ETE prohibits the use, possession, distribution and sale of illicit drugs or being under the influence of alcohol within its facilities and activities sponsored by it to faculty, students and administrative personnel.

The legal use of medications, as prescribed by a physician, is permitted in the institution only if it does not interfere with the ability of the employee or student to perform the essential functions of their duties in an effective and safe manner and that does not endanger other members of the student community. The use of medications that could interfere with the effective performance of their tasks and responsibility must be notified.

Disciplinary Sanctions (Students)

Any student who violates any of these standards of conduct will face the following disciplinary sanctions:

1. Warning
2. Probation for a defined time. Previous violations will be a suspended.
3. Suspension from ETE for an unlimited period. Violations on this sanction will entail and extension or definite separation from the institution.
4. Separation from the Institutions. Any student who incurs serious violations, second violations will be eligible for previous sanctions. Each case will be evaluated individually.

Disciplinary Sanctions (Employees)

Regarding employees, the disciplinary sanctions for the violations of these standards of conduct will be following:

1. Verbal admonition (documented).
2. Written warning.
3. Suspension of employment and salary for a period of less than 6 months. Violation of the suspension prior may result in an extension of the period or definitive separation from the institution.
4. Dismissal. Any employee who incurs serious violations, second violations will not be eligible for previous sanctions. Each case will be subject to the final determination of the evaluation process if the case merits the application to participate in a rehabilitation program.

Legal Sanctions

A person who violates any of the following alcohol and drug laws will be reported to the appropriate law, enforcement agency and will be subject to prosecution in accordance with the law. Legal penalties for violation of local state or federal laws may include, but are not limited to, fines, probation, jail, or prison sentences. Specific state and federal criminal offenses penalties are provided below.

Penalties under Puerto Rico Vehicle and Traffic Law 141	
ALCOHOL • Illegal blood alcohol limits: o (.08) del 1% in light vehicle or (.02) del 1% in heavy vehicle, school buses, motorcycles and those under 21 years.	
First time	\$500 + \$50 for each additional hundredth over the established alcohol concentration limit. Compulsory attendance at an orientation program, penalty of restitution if applicable and license suspension no more than 30 days.
Second time	\$750 + \$50 for each additional hundredth over the established alcohol concentration limit. 15-30 days in jail, restitution of damages if applicable and suspension of the license for a term not less than one (1) year. The court will order the confiscation of the vehicle were driving under the influence of alcohol.
Third and subsequent times	\$2,000-\$5,000 + \$50 for each additional hundredth over the established alcohol concentration limit. Not less than 60 days, nor more than 6 months in jail and restitution penalty, if applicable. In addition, the privilege of the Driver License will be revoked. The court will order the confiscation of the motor that was driving under the influence of alcohol. Any person who drives and is convicted of causing bodily harm to another person

	or serious bodily harm under the influence of alcohol, drugs or controlled substances will be sanctioned with a fine of not less than \$1,000 nor more than \$5,000, penalty of restitution, suspension of Certificate of License for a term of not less than 1 year nor more than 5 years. In the case of serious bodily harm, he will have in addition a sentence of imprisonment for fixed term of 18 months.
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Any person who is convicted of driving under the influence of alcohol, drugs or controlled substances and who is driving the motor vehicle in the company of a child under 15 years or less or a pregnant woman will be sanctioned with a fine of \$1,000 more \$50 for each additional hundredth over the established concentration limit and you will serve 48 hours in jail.

Penalties under Law 4 of Controlled Substances of Puerto Rico		
<i>Crime</i>	<i>Minimum Penalty</i>	<i>Maximum Penalty</i>
<p>Article 401: Prohibited Acts(A) and penalties. (24 L.P.R.A. § 2401)</p> <p>Classification I</p>	<p>Classifications I or II- imprisonment for a fixed term of twenty (20) years. (\$25,000). If there are aggravating circumstances, the established fixed penalty may be increased to a maximum of thirty (30) years; should there be extenuating circumstances, it may be reduced to a minimum of ten (10) years. The court, at its discretion, may impose, in addition to the penalty of confinement, a fine that will not exceed twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000).</p>	<p>If any person commits such a violation after one (1) or more prior convictions related to narcotic drugs marijuana, depressing substances or stimulants- imprisonment. If there for a fixed term of thirty-five (35) years. If there are aggravating circumstances, the established fixed penalty may be increased to a maximum of fifty (50) years; should there be extenuating circumstances, it may be reduced to a minimum of (20). The court, at its discretion, may impose, in addition to the penalty of imprisonment, a fine not to exceed fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000).</p>
<p>Article 401: Prohibited acts (B) and penalties. (24 L.P.R.A. § 2401)</p> <p>Classification I</p>	<p>In the case of any controlled substance included (the) in Classification I that is not a narcotic drug, such person will incur a felony, and if convicted, he will be sentenced to imprisonment for a fixed term of twelve (12) years. If there are aggravating circumstances, the established fixed penalty may be increased to a maximum of twenty (20) years; should there be extenuating</p>	<p>If any person commits such a violation after one (1) or more prior convictions related to narcotic drugs, marijuana, depressing substances or stimulants, they will be sentenced to imprisonment for a fixed term of twenty-five (25) years. If there are aggravating circumstances, the established fixed penalty may be increased to a</p>

	<p>circumstances, it may be reduced to a minimum of five (5) years/. The court, at its discretion, may impose, in addition to penalty of confinement, a fine not to exceed twenty thousand dollars (\$20,000).</p>	<p>maximum of forty (40) years; should there be extenuating circumstances, it may reduce to a minimum of ten (10) years. The court, at its discretion, may impose, in addition to penalty of imprisonment, a fine not to exceed thirty thousand dollars (\$30,000).</p>
<p>Article 401: Prohibited acts (C) and penalties. (24 L.P.R.A. § 2401)</p> <p>Classification II o III</p>	<p>In the case of any controlled substance included in Classification II, which is not a narcotic drug, or in the case of a controlled substance included in Classification III, such person will incur a felony and convicted, will be sentenced with a penalty of imprisonment for a fixed term of seven (7) years. If there are aggravating circumstances, the established fixed penalty may be increased to a maximum of ten (10) years; should there be extenuating circumstance, it may reduce to a minimum of five (5) years. The court, at its discretion, may impose, in addition to penalty of imprisonment, a fine not to exceed fifteen thousand dollars (\$15,000).</p>	<p>If any person commits said violation after one (1) or more prior convictions related to narcotic drugs, marijuana, depressing substances or stimulants, such person will incur a felony and any convicted person will be sentenced to imprisonment for a fixed term of fifteen (15). If there are aggravating circumstances, the established fixed penalty may be increased to a maximum of twenty (20) years; should there be extenuating circumstances, it may be reduced to a minimum of ten (10) years. The court, at its discretion, may impose, in addition to the penalty of imprisonment, a fine not to exceed thirty thousand dollars (\$30,000).</p>
<p>Classification IV</p>	<p>In the case of any controlled substance included in Classification IV, such person will incur a felony and any convicted person will be sentenced to imprisonment for a fixed term of three (3) years. If there are aggravating circumstances, the established fixed penalty may be increased to a maximum of five (5) years; should there be extenuating circumstances, it may be reduced to a minimum of two (2) years. The court, at its discretion, may impose, in</p>	<p>If any person commits such a violation after one (1) or more prior convictions related to narcotic drugs, marijuana, depressing substances or stimulants, such person will incur a felony and any convicted person will be sentenced to imprisonment for a fixed term of six (6) years. If there are aggravating circumstances, the established fixed penalty may be increased to a maximum of ten (10) years;</p>

	addition to the penalty of imprisonment, a fine not to exceed ten thousand dollars (\$10,000).	should there be extenuating circumstances, it may be reduced to a minimum of four (4) years. The court, at its discretion, may impose, in addition to penalty of confinement a fine not to exceed twenty thousand dollars (\$20,000).
Classification V	In the case of a controlled substance included in Classification V, such person will incur a felony and any convicted person will be sentenced to imprisonment for a fixed term of two (2) years. If there are aggravating circumstances, the established fixed penalty may be increased to a maximum of three (3) years; should there be extenuating circumstances, it may be reduced to a minimum of one (1) year. The court, at its discretion, may impose, in addition to the penalty of confinement, a fine not to exceed five thousand dollars (\$5,000).	If any person commits such a violation after one (1) or more prior convictions related to narcotic drugs, marijuana, depressing substances or stimulants, such person will incur a felony and any convicted person will be sentenced to imprisonment for a fixed term of four (4) years. If there are aggravating circumstances, the established fixed penalty may be increased to a maximum of six (6) years; should there be reduced to a minimum of two (2) years. The court, at its discretion, may impose in addition to penalty of imprisonment, a fine not to exceed ten thousand dollars (\$10,000).

ARTICLE 402 – CLASSIFICATION OF CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES

Classification I

(a) Unless specifically exempted or included in another classification, any of the following opiates, including their isomers, esters, salts, and salts of isomers, esters and ethers, shall be understood to be included in this classification, provided that the existence of said isomers, esters, ethers and salts possible within the specific chemical designation:

- (1) Acetylmethadol. (2) Aleyrodid. (3) Acetylmethadol. (4) Alphameprodine. (5) Alphametadol. (6) Benzylidene. (7) Betacetylmethadol. (8) Betameprodine. (9) Betamethadol. (10) Betaprodin. (11) Clonidine. (12) Dextromoramide. (13) Dextrorphanol. (14) Diampromide. (15) Diethylthiambutene. (16) Dimenoxadol. (17) Dimepheptanol. (18) Diethylthiambutene. (19) Dioxafethyl butyrate. (20) Dipipanone. (21) Ethylmethylthiambutene. (22) Etonitazene. (23) Etoxidine. (24) Furethidine. (25) Hydroxyketone. (26) Ketobemidone. (27) Levomoramide. (28) Levophenacylmorphane. (29) Morpheridine. (30) Nonazimuthal. (31) Norlevorphanol. (32) Normethadone. (33) Normethadone. (34) Phenadoxone. (35) Phenampromide. (36)

Phenomorphan. (37) Phenomorphan. (38) Piritramide. (39) Prehepatic. (40) Propamidine. (41) Racemoramide. (42) Trimipramine. (43) Cannabinoids (44) Synthetic cannabinoids.

(b) Unless specifically exempted or included in another classification, any of the following derivatives of opium, its salts, isomers and salts of its isomers shall be understood to be included in this classification, provided that the existence of said salts, isomers and salts of isomers is possible within specific chemical designation:

(1) Acetorphan. (2) Acetyl dihydrocodeine. (3) Benzyl morphine. (4) Codeine methyl bromide. (5) Codeine-N-Oxide. (6) Paramorphine. (7) Dorsomorphin. (8) Dihydromorphine. (9) Etorphine. (10) Heroin. (11) Hydromorphinol. (12) Methyldesomorphin. (13) Methyldihydromorphine. (14) Morphine methyl bromide. (15) Morphine methyl sulfonate. (16) Morphine-N-Oxide. (17) Myrophine. (18) Nicocodeine. (19) Nicomorphine. (20) Normorphine. (21) Pholcodine. (22) Thebacon.

(c) Unless they are specifically exempted or included in another classification, any material, compound, mixture or preparation that contains any amount of any of the following hallucinogenic substances, their salts, isomers, shall be understood to be included in this classification, provided that the existence of such salts, isomers is possible within the specific chemical designation

(1) 3, 4-methylenedioxy amphetamine. (2) 5-metoxi-3, 4-methylenedioxy amphetamine. (3) 3, 4, 5-trimethoxy amphetamine. (4) Bufotenine. (5) Dimethyltryptamine. (6) Dimethyltryptamine. (7) 4-methyl-2, 5-dimethoxyamphetamine. (8) Ibogaine. (9) Lysergic acid diethylamide. (10) Marijuana. (11) Mescaline. (12) Peyote. (13) N-Ethyl-3-piperidyl benzilate. (14) N-Methyl-3-piperidyl benzilate. (15) Psilocybin. (16) Psilocin. (17) Tetrahydrocannabinol. (18) Methylenedioxypropylvalerone (MDPV).

CLASIFICACIÓN II

(a) Unless they are specifically exempted or included in another classification, any of the following substances will be understood to be included in this classification, whether directly or indirectly produced by extraction of substances of plant origin, or independently by a combination of chemical extraction and synthesis:

(1) Opium and opiate, and any salt, compound, derivate or preparation of opium or opiate. (2) Any salt, compound, derivative or preparation thereof that is chemically equivalent or identical to any of the substances mentioned in section (1) of this subsection shall not include azaquinzole opium alkaloids. (3) Poppy poppies and poppy straw. (4) Coca leaves and any salt, compound, derivate or preparation of coco leaves, and any salt, compound, derivate or preparation thereof that is chemically equivalent to any of such substances, except that these shall not include coca leaves decocainized or extracts of coca leaves that do not contain cocaine or ecgonine.

(b) Unless specifically exempted or included in another classification, any of the following opiates, including their isomers, esters, ethers, salts, and salts of isomers, shall be understood to be included in this classification, provided that the existence of such isomers, esters, ethers and salt is possible within the specific chemical designation:

(1) Alphapointe. (2) Alexidine. (3) Butyramide. (4) Dihydrocodeine. (5) Diphenoxylate. (6) Fentanyl. (7) Isomethadone. (8) Levomethorphan. (9) Levorphanol. (10) Etazocine. (11) Methadone. (12) Methadone-Intermediate, 4-cyano-2-dimethylamino-4, 4-diphenylbutane.

(13) *Moramide-Intermediate, 2-methyl-3-morpholino-1, 1-diphenylpropane carboxylic acid.*
(14) *Pethidine.* (15) *Pethidine-Intermediate-A, 4-cyano-1-methyl-4-phenylpiperidine.* (16) *Pethidine-Intermediate-B, etil-4-Phenylpiperidine-4-carboxylic.* (17) *Pethidine-Intermediate-C, 1-methyl-4-Phenylpiperidine-4-carboxylic acid.* (18) *Phenazoline.* (19) *Piminodine.* (20) *Racemethorphan.* (21) *Racemorphanol.*

(c) Unless specifically exempted or included in another classification, any injectable liquid that contains any quantity of methamphetamine, including its salts, isomers, shall be understood to be included in this classification.

CLASIFICACIÓN III

(a) Unless specifically exempted or included in another classification, any material, compound, mixture, or preparation that contains any amount of the following substances that have a stimulating effect on the nervous system shall be understood to be included in this classification:

(1) Amphetamine, its salts, optical isomers and salts of its optical isomers. (2) Phenmetrazine and its salts. (3) Any substance, except an injectable liquid, that contains any amount of methamphetamine, including its salts, isomers and salts of isomers. (4) Methylphenidate.

(b) Unless specifically exempted or included in another classification, any material, compound, mixture or preparation that contains any amount of the following substances that have a depressing effect on the central nervous system shall be understood to be classification:

(1) Any substance that contains any amount of any derivative of barbituric acid, or of any salt of a derivative of barbituric acid. (2) Chlorhexadol. (3) Glutethimide. (4) Lysergic acid. (5) Lysergic acid amide. (6) Methyprylon. (7) Phencyclidine. (8) Sulfondiethylmethane. (9) Sulfonethylmethane. (10) Chlormethine.

(c) Nalorphine.

(d) Unless specifically exempted or included in another classification, any material, compound, mixture, or preparation that contains limited amounts of any of the following narcotic drugs, or any of their salts, shall be understood to be included in this classification:

(1) Not more than 1.80 grams of codeine per 100 milliliters or not more than 90 milligrams per unit dose with an equal or greater amount of an azaquinzole opium alkaloid. (2) Not more than 1.80 grams of codeine per 100 milliliters or not more than 90 milligrams per unit dose, with one (1) or more non-narcotic active ingredients in recognized therapeutic amounts. (3) Not more than 300 milligrams of dihydrocodeinone per 100 milliliters or not more than 15 milligrams per unit dose, with four times or more of an azaquinzole opium alkaloid. (4) Not more than 300 milligrams of dihydrocodeinone per 100 milliliters or not more than 15 milligrams per unit dose, with one (1) or more non-narcotic active ingredients in recognized therapeutic amounts. (5) Not more than 1.80 grams of dihydrocodeine per 100 milliliters or not more than 90 milligrams per unit dose, with one (1) or more non-narcotic active ingredients in recognized therapeutic amounts. (6) No more than 300 milligrams of ethyl morphine per 100 milliliters or no more than 15 milligrams per unit dose, with one (1) or more non-narcotic active ingredients in recognized therapeutic amounts. (7) No more than 500 milligrams of opium per 100 milliliters or per 100 grams, or no more than 25 milligrams per unit dose, with one (1) or more non-narcotic active ingredients in recognized therapeutic

amounts. (8) No more than 50 milligrams of morphine per 100 milliliters or per 100 grams, with one (1) or more non-narcotic active ingredients in recognized therapeutic amounts.

CLASSIFICATION IV

(1) Barbitol. (2) Chloral betaine. (3) Chloral hydrate. (4) Ethchlorvynol. (5) Ethinamate. (6) Methohexital. (7) Meprobamate. (8) Methylphenobarbital. (9) Phenobarbital. (10) Petrichloral. (11) Phenobarbital.

CLASSIFICATION V

Any compound, mixture, or preparation that contains limited quantities of any of the following narcotic drugs, which must include one (1) or more active medicinal ingredients, other than narcotics in sufficient proportion to confer the compound, shall be understood to be included in this classification, mixture or preparation, valuable medicinal properties, others than those possessed by the narcotic drug on its own:

(1) No more than 200 milligrams of codeine per 100 milliliters or per 100 grams. (2) No more than 100 milligrams of dihydrocodeine per 100 milliliters or per 100 grams. (3) No more than 100 milligrams of ethyl morphine per 100 milliliters or per 100 grams. (4) Not more than 25 micrograms of atropine sulfate per unit dose. (5) No more than 100 milligrams of opium per 100 milliliters or per 100 grams.

Any person who knowingly and intentionally and in violation of the provisions of this law, introduces, distributes, dispenses, administers, possesses or transportation for the purpose of distribution, sells gives away form, or simply possesses any controlled substance of those included in classifications I to V of this law in a private school, recreational facility, public or private, or in the surroundings of any of these, will incur a felony and convicted, will be sentenced to double the penalties provided by Article 401 (b) or 404 (a) of this law, for the first time, involving the same classification. In cases of recidivism due to simple possession, the penalty will be triple the penalties provided by Article 404 (a) of this law for a subsequent offence involving the same controlled substance and the same classification. In cases of recidivisms due to introduction, distribution, possession for the purpose of distribution or sale, a sentence of imprisonment will be imposed for a fixed term of ninety-nine (99) years.

School — The main building and all buildings, annexes, patio, garden and parking area of the school will be understood and will cover preschool, elementary, secondary (intermediate), superior, specialized and universities and colleges for university studies. For the purposes of this article, commercial, vocational or trade schools shall be understood to be covered; those for physically handicap, mentally retarded, deaf-mute and blind; for people with limited speech and reading, and any similar nature to those mentioned above. By “surroundings of a school” it will be understood covered and area of up to one hundred (100) radial meters to be counted from the limits of the school, as indicated by these limits by fence or by any other sign of demarcation

Medicinal Cannabis in Puerto Rico

On July 2, 2018, the so-called Regulation 9038 was approved in Puerto Rico for the use, possession, cultivation, manufacture, dispensing, distribution and research of medical

cannabis. Said regulation establishes the rules and procedures for the control of the use, possession, cultivation, manufacture, dispensing, distribution and research of medical cannabis and its derived products and medicines; to set the rights to pay for the registration requires under the Controlled Substances Law, and to regulate scientific studies related to the use of medicinal cannabis carries out by public and private entities.

Regarding the use of cannabis, it is illegal under the federal laws. Ad ETE is an institution that receives federal funds, the use of medical cannabis in the institutions is illegal. Changes in state laws regarding marijuana or other controlled substances do not negate the applicability of federal laws or statutes.